

How to find living relatives in Hungary



17 July 2012 András Koltai



Contents

Difficulties to overcome when looking for living relatives

Starting point – last known details

Resources to check first

What to do with the information gathered

One example how it works – a recent success story



1. Difficulties to overcome when looking for living relatives Turmoils of the 20th century

With the destruction of the Jewish communities through the Holocaust and with the several thousand dissidents leaving the country during communism, it is almost a miracle to find living relatives in Hungary today.

While a non-Jewish family who used to lived in the countryside a hundred years ago usually still has offsprings in the same tiny village, the Jewish families from the countryside from the early 1900s have descendants almost only abroad.

Only in Budapest do we have good chances to find living relatives – living still in Budapest.



1. Difficulties to overcome when looking for living relatives Privacy protection

Had we access to all existing records, our troubles were less. But there are barriers placed all over to protect private information:

- Vital records 30/60/90 years of protection
- Need for an official document to get access to certain information
- Data protection is everywhere social community sites also protect their users



2. Starting point Information from the pre-war times

The last pieces of information where we have to start our research come from the pre-war times:

- Vital records from 1895-1940
- Holocaust data (the name of the town the family was deported from, the address under which they survived the war)
- Other personal information (the said person was a lawyer; or a letter with an address from before the war, etc.)



3. Resources to check first Vital records

If you have located the family in the pre-war civil vital records, look out for the "UB"s. They are post notes in the birth- and marriage records referring to changes in the status of the person.

- Post notes in the birth records they refer to change of religion, change of name, adoption, death
- Post notes in the marriage records they refer to divorce or the death of one of the partners



3. Resources to check first Vital records 2

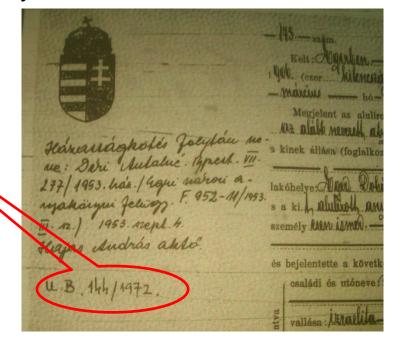
If you have found an "UB" -> the archivist will tell you what event hides behind this post note and where you have to continue to

look for the relevant document.

For example: 144/1972 -> refers to her death in Budapest in 1972

Now you have a married name (for women), might have the last address,

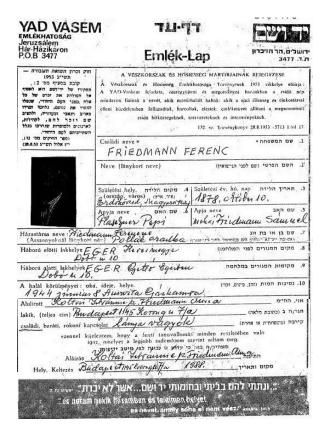
the exact date of death





3. Resources to check first Holocaust databases – Yad Vashem

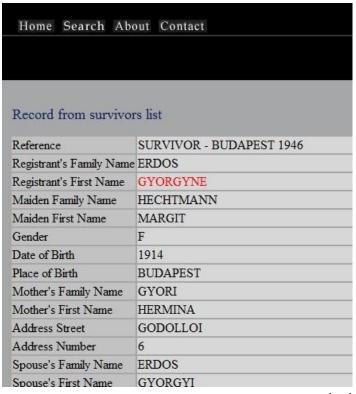
Yad Vashem – is useful if recent Pages of Testimonies have been submitted about a member of the family – I have found several families with the help of such PoT's in America, Australia, Israel, Europe, Hungary.





3. Resources to check first Holocaust databases - Neveklarsfeld

With Neveklarsfeld, the Budapest survivors' pages are very helpful.



Now the you have survivor's married name (for women), his/her birthyear, his/her mother's maiden name and his/her address from 1946



3. Resources to check first Cemetery database - Öröklét

For 20th century living relatives' research, www.oroklet.hu is useful because of its list of burials in the Kozma utca main Jewish cemetery in Budapest. (Not all the Jewish cemeteries from Budapest are listed here!!!)

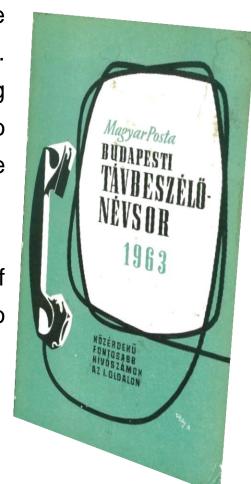
If you find somebody in the cemetery database listed, you immediately have a year of death — with some additional research of the civil death records of that year, you have the deceased's death record.

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3. Resources to check first Phone books

Phones books come very handy – you can check them at the Fővárosi Szabó Ervin Library for the years 1930-1990. Telephone connections were regulated by the state during communism/socialism and people often had to wait decades to get a phone connection. So if you do not find a person in the phone books, it does not mean anything.

But if you find the person listed, you will have his address and if he disappears from the telephone books from one year to another, you can suspect he died then.





4. What to do with the information gathered What pieces of information do we have now?

Name (also married name, or spouse's name)

Address

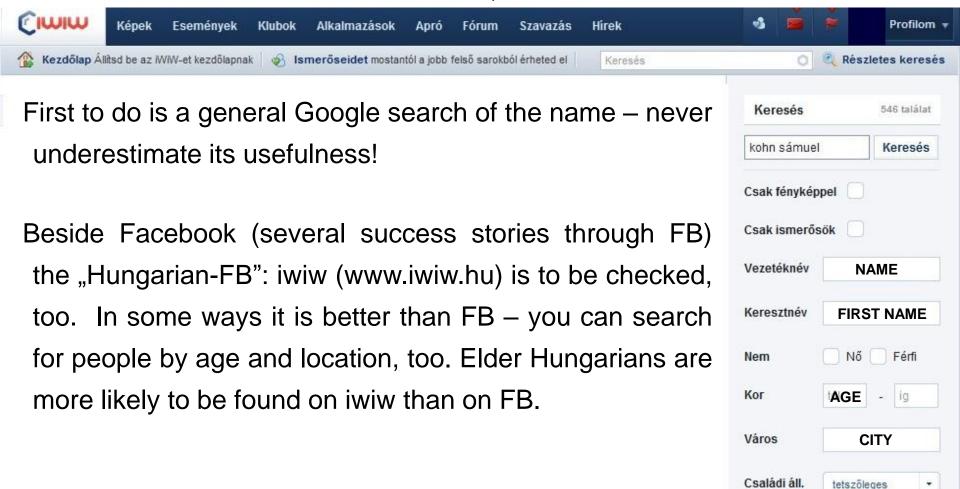
Date of death

Some personal information (DOB, mother's name, etc)

With these in hand, we now go for the second round of hunting



4. What to do with the information gathered Internet search; FB and iwiw





4. What to do with the information gathered Date of death -> death announcements

The daily newspaper Népszabadság has to be checked for a death announcement if you know when the person you are researching died.

- There might be no such announcement for him
- Or only one stating he died
- Better is if it is mentioned that "a son" or "her daughters" mourn the deceased

t szeretettel megőrizzük

- Even better is if it says "son Gyula" or the "Reiner family" mourn him
- The best is if it also gives the address of the mourning family for condolence messages



4. What to do with the information gathered Date of death -> probate papers

Old probate papers (if they have not been destroyed yet) can be checked at the archives; newer ones at the court archives; ones from the past few years at the public notary offices.

- Public notaries require an official authorisation (often: from the heir himself – which is a joke, because we are looking for this very person) to grant access to the papers
- If you do get access, the heirs' names and addresses will be of great

USE dr.B

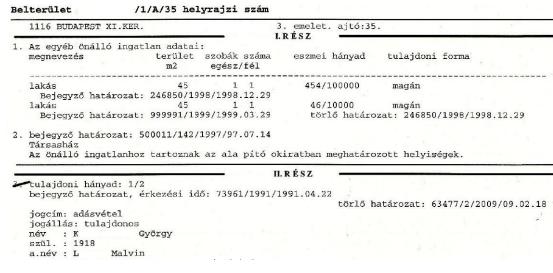
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4. What to do with the information gathered Addresses -> property deeds

For a payment of only USD 30, you can request an official extract of the property deed of any house or apartment at the competent regional or local Property office (földhivatal).

- The document will reveal the owners of the house (with mother's name and address)
- You will learn when the house was sold or inherited
- If it was inherited, you have the heir's personal details and he/she is also a family member





4. What to do with the information gathered Addresses -> neighbours

When somebody left a house or apartment even twenty years ago, somebody might remember this person and tell us – for example – if he had kids and what their names were. You would have to try to contact:

- One of the neighbours
- The caretaker of the house might have a book on old tenants
- The person who bought the house or flat might give us further information on the old owners.

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4. What to do with the information gathered When everything else fails

Having checked all the references mentioned so far and still missing the relative – there is one more thing to try. For another USD 30 you can give a letter to the state authorities ("lakcímnyilvántartó") and ask them to send it to a person you name.

If you know the person's name and birth details (mother's name is a plus) and the person is alive in Hungary, they will send out the letter. Then it is up to him or her to contact you.

I have tried to find a person three times this way and in all three cases they contacted me.



5. A recent success story – step by step



I.) Starting point: a marriage record from Budapest from the 1930s.



II.) Neveklarsfeld showed the couple had a daughter – her name and birthyear was revealed.



III.) Google search found her being a doctor, the site also showed where she had her consultancy but also told us she died some twenty years ago.



IV.) From the telephone books we learnt her last address.



V.) The caretaker of the house where she lived when she died remembered she had a daughter living in Israel and also remembered her full name.



VI.) She is listed on both Facebook and iwiw and replied to my emails she saw on both sites.



<u>Summary</u>

... of the main resources to check when looking for living relatives

Vital records

Burial data

Death announcements

Probate papers

Telephone books

General internet search

Holocaust records

Social community websites

Property deeds

Request to the state authorities



For further information please check out my website under:

www.jewishroots.hu

Some success stories are referred to on my FB site:

Facebook/Hungarian Jewish Roots

I hope you will be as successful as I have been in countless cases when I was trying to find living relatives.

Thank you for your attention!

András Koltai